

## THE GAZETTE.

JANESVILLE SATURDAY, JUNE 28.

## NEW STATE INSTITUTIONS.

The State Journal prints an interview with the president of the state board of supervision in regard to the needs of three new state institutions—a reformatory or an intermediate prison for persons who commit their first offense and are not professional criminals, an asylum for the chronic insane, and an institution for the care and instruction of the feeble-minded, of whom there are nearly 2,000 in the state.

There is a necessity for an additional prison. The present state prison is full and has been for some months. Crime is increasing, and likewise commitments to Waupun are on the increase, and the better way to provide for the additions to the list of convicted criminals seems to be to establish an intermediate prison for young men, or any one above the age of 18 who has committed his first offense. Large numbers of these are not professional criminals, and yet under the present order of things they are compelled to work and associate with hardened criminals who cannot be reformed. A great many young men fall into crime the first time under a tempting power which they cannot withstand. What such persons need is a high moral influence and not punishment. They need an industrial, and if possible a spiritual training, so that when they are released they will go out into the world with some hope and encouragement which will give them a new start in life. A prison, or rather a reformatory of this kind will be one of the best investments the state of Wisconsin can make.

There are scores of criminals insane in the state, and at present there is no suitable place to keep them. Some are in the state prison and others are in the hospitals. There should be an institution especially for them.

There are said to be no less than 2,000 feeble-minded persons, mostly under the age of 21 in this state, and an institution expressly for the care and education of such an unfortunate class, has long been needed. Four years ago a bill appropriating \$20,000 for the founding of such an institution was passed by the legislature, but was vetoed by Governor Rusk. The amount was small, to be sure; but the bill should now become a law, and beginning made in the establishment of an institution which would do honor to the state and furnish a place where such unfortunate may be properly cared for.

## THE LOTTERY DISGRACE.

The moral sentiment in the lower house of the Louisiana legislature will not commend itself to the people of this country. The passage of the lottery bill by a vote of 66 to 29, shows how strong is the influence of bribery in that state. This is one of the basest pieces of legislation ever known in this country, considering the condition of the public mind on the question of lotteries.

The passage of this lottery bill shows how tremendous is the power of money when used in the nature of bribes. "By dint of extraordinary pressure, the menacing advice of almost the entire press of the state, open and unobscured bribery, and the shameless and bulldozing tactics of the powerful lottery lobby the bill has been forced through the house." It is said that the senate has likewise passed the bill, and the vote of that body on a concurrence is sure in hand. The bill will pass both houses, and cannot be vetoed by the governor. The question of a renewal of the charter for a term of twenty-five years, will be voted on next April, and the white population of the state being almost unanimously for the lottery, the bill will become a law without much doubt.

It would seem that there should be some plan by which the vampires of Louisiana should be headed off. There is only one way to do it. Congress has the power to do that thing. Congress can enact a law that the postoffice department shall have nothing to do with transmitting through the mails any documents, advertisements, and so on, for the benefit of the lottery. It can prevent by law the banks from becoming agents for the lottery swindle, or can do anything else which is necessary to be done to wipe the concern out of existence. Bills providing for these measures are before congress, but whether that body has the moral courage to pass any one of them remains to be seen. Congress can do much to diminish the evil by enacting a law which shall forever crush the monstrous lottery fraud in this country.

An interesting case involving the question of international copyright (or the lack of it) has come up in New York. The Henry G. Allen company has published a pirated edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica, ninth edition, a work of enormous cost in Great Britain and in the authorized American edition. It is published by the Blacks of Edinburgh. Several Americans, among them General Francis A. Walker, president of the Massachusetts institute of technology, and the late Professor Alexander Johnston, of Princeton college, contributed to the work and obtained American copyrights on their contributions, which they assigned to the publishers. The point is now made that their work in the twenty-third volume of the encyclopedia, being copyrighted, makes it illegal for the Allen company to republish it, and Judge Shipman, of the United States circuit court, sustains this view, holding that the fact that the books of the American authors are bound with other books does not deprive them of the copyright they would have if bound alone. A suit has been brought to stop the act of piracy on the part of the New York house and its outcome will be worth watching.

Bishop Kazar, who made a notable record at the recent convention of German Catholics in Milwaukee, has had a lot more to say on the Bennett law. Among many things he says is that the Bennett law seeks to destroy parochial schools. This shows that the good bishop has not read the law, or if he has, does not understand its meaning. He also said: "I am not a politician, and therefore am not qualified to answer that question further than to say that I believe that Catholics generally will pursue such a course at the next election as they may deem will best secure protection to the parochial schools against unreasonable and unwarranted encroachments upon their just rights and privileges." Bishop Kazar could be a wiser and a more useful man if he would read the Bennett law thoroughly and succeed in understanding it clearly.

A dispatch from Madison says that Captain L. B. Waddington, of Darlington, a clerk in the adjutant general's office, died from sunstroke. Early Friday afternoon he left the office complaining of feeling ill and when near his place of abode on Washington avenue he fell to the pavement. He was taken to the city hospital and died in a short time. He was 55 years old and leaves a wife and a family of grown up children. He was captain of Company C, Thirty-eighth Wisconsin volunteers during the rebellion, and bore the reputation of being among the bravest officers in one of the best regiments that left the state. In the service he suffered severely, physically.

It is the same old story repeated in result of the strike on the Illinois Central. The employees demand the immediate discharge of Superintendent Russell which the company refused to do, and the strike came. After several days of losing with no ray of hope that the Central would yield, the men became discouraged and returned to work. There has never been a time yet when the employees of a railway company were able to control the road. It would seem that so frequent a repetition of history would teach railway strikers an important lesson.

The following table will show the progress made by the four leading cities for the past one hundred years:

Year.	Philadelphia.	New York.	London.	Chicago.
1790.	42,299	23,181	1,000	—
1800.	20,287	60,489	3,200	—
1810.	36,064	96,723	4,302	—
1820.	68,116	122,708	14,755	—
1830.	107,188	233,007	24,232	—
1840.	161,045	312,710	31,231	—
1850.	300,045	515,547	46,338	20,962
1860.	562,229	855,651	76,901	109,791
1870.	812,222	1,212,701	108,917	288,917
1880.	847,119	1,396,299	166,901	581,185
1890.	1,180,550	1,527,722	262,000	1,100,000

The jump of Chicago of over half a million between 1880 and '90, is not a fair showing of increase. Very much of the increase was made by annexation.

That intrepid republican leader who fell outside the breastworks two years ago while leading his party on to victory—Warner Miller—went down to Washington the other day and had a long conference with the president. Asked what he thought of the report about the president retiring at the end of his term Mr. Miller said: "I can only tell you what I think, because I know nothing about it. I think the president is a candidate for re-nomination. What is more, I think he will be re-nominated."

The Protestant Sunday school in America has an average attendance of over nine millions. In Wisconsin there are 1,610 Sunday schools, 15,211 teachers and 114,889 scholars. In Milwaukee there are 59 Sunday schools, 1,283 teachers and 12,223 scholars. Milwaukee has fewer in proportion to population than any other city except San Francisco.

The "Rev." Hugh O. Feaster, in his sermon at the Mission Temple, New York, last Sunday declared himself an atheist, pure and simple. It will be noted that all renegades of that class become atheists and socialists. The two march hand in hand.

Miss Virginia C. Clay edit a democratic daily newspaper in Huntsville, Alabama. The politics of the paper will be to the benefit of the lottery. It can prevent by law the banks from becoming agents for the lottery swindle, or can do anything else which is necessary to be done to wipe the concern out of existence.

If Mr. Blaine could have his way in regard to the tariff bill, the republicans campaign of 1892 would receive a magnificent boom.

## FATHER DAMIEN'S SUCCESSOR.

Sister Rose Gertrude at Her Work in the Lepers' Colony at Molokai.

Sister Rose Gertrude, the heroic girl whose decision to follow in Father Damien's footsteps and to live and die with the lepers in the dread colony at Molokai, in the Sandwich Islands, has elicited so much admiration, writes from her mission to a friend:

"This is not the hospital I was originally intended for, but is newly built, and we have the German specialist here. There are already forty patients, and they need an English sister very much, as the natives will not pursue their treatment if left to themselves. This is a pretty spot, built on the coral; the patients are in little detached wooden cottages, all around a green lawn, with shady trees. In time we are to have many pretty flowers and creepers. I have some little children here, so that my work is teaching as well as nursing, and amusing them all as well. There is one drawback, we are a long way from the church, and I hope in time to get a little chapel where I may assemble them for prayers, reading and singing. I have one German patient, who feels his misfortune very much."

4th of July.  
The Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co. will sell excursion tickets between stations on July 31 and 4th, good returning until July 7th inclusive, at one fare for the round trip. Tickets and full information can be obtained of agents O. & N. W. Railway Co.

## SUNK IN A COLLISION.

A Steamship Burned in the Chinese Sea and All on Board Perish in Flames or Drown.

THE FAIR SINGER A DEVOTEE OF MONTE CARLO.

Her Passion for Money—The Swedish Singer will Probably Never Appear on the Stage Again.

STOCKHOLM, June 28.—A remarkable piece of history has come through a private letter from Nice. It concerns our world-renowned singer, Christine Nilsson. She has been stopping in Nice for some time and her presence here has been one of the attractions of the place. But one thing that causes more surprise than anything yet heard is that Nilsson is a helpless worshipping at the gambling shrine. She has become fascinated with the play and is drawn to the tables as if they were magnets. The most of her time is spent in that fashionable gambling hall, Monte Carlo. She plays, says the writer, "feverishly, at losses at times large sums of money. However great they are she has no care, but keeps at the play indifferent to everything except the rolling gold on the table." People used to say that the fair Christine's one love was gold. She exhibits the same tendency in her gambling, but is buoyed up with the hope of winning fabulous sums. The further she studies Nilsson has undergone a remarkable change. She is showing age and begins to look emaciated. A grayish pallor now overspreads her once beautiful face. As a singer she will never appear in public again. It is rumored that the deafness which came on about two years ago is becoming more severe.

## FOUGHT AS WELL AS PRAYED.

Worshippers in a Church Resist the Invasion of Turkish Troops.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 28.—It is learned here, in connection with the troubles in Ezeroun, that a guard of Turkish soldiers invaded a church in that city. In the midst of religious service in search of arms which they believed to be secreted in the building. The worshippers promptly resisted the intrusion by opening a sharp fusillade with revolvers upon the Turks. A struggle followed, in which one Turkish officer, eight soldiers, and four of the Armenian occupants of the church were killed. Both Turks and Armenians suffered a considerable loss in wounded.

## DISASTER IN CHINA.

A Steamer Burned and Many of Those on Board Perish.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—The steamship City of Rio Janeiro, from Hong Kong and Yokohama, brings the following dispatch:  
The steamer, Paoching, Capt. Place, which left Shanghai for Yankow, was burned near the Forked Tree on Tangsue river, May 23, and Capt. Place, Second Engineer Wilson, and some twenty natives were missing and supposed to have perished. A number of Chinese vessels did good service in picking up the survivors, of whom First Officer Christiansen, the second officer and sixty-two natives were found. The vessel was loaded with a general cargo, including several cases of matches. She was fully insured.

## SUNK IN A COLLISION.

Loss of the Steamer Prinz Frederik—Six Persons Drowned.

LONDON, June 28.—The Dutch steamer Prinz Frederik, from Amsterdam for Java, was sunk on the night of June 25 in latitude 47° north, longitude 6° west, by collision with the British steamer Margessa, from Tangor, for Dunkirk. The collision occurred during a dense fog. The Margessa arrived at Falmouth with her bows stove and her forepeak full of water. She had on board the crew and thirty passengers of the Prinz Frederik. Six lives were lost in the collision.

The Prinz Frederik was of 1,099 tons register.

## JACK WAS A BURGLAR.

A Life-Saving Hero Turned Out to Be a Crook.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 27.—One of the life-guards who patrols the Atlantic City beach was peremptorily ordered by Mayor Hoffman to leave town and never return. He was known here for the last two seasons as Jack Williams, and his name has often figured in connection with many heroic rescues. The cause of his departure was the discovery by Chief of Police Eldredge that Williams, who is also known as George Latta, was notorious in Philadelphia as a burglar and sneak thief, and that at Port Jervis, on the Delaware division of the Erie, and one engineer and two firemen were killed.

## DUNBAR MINE HORROR.

The Work of Recovering the Bodies Stopped by Flames.

DUNBAR, Pa., June 28.—Fire broke from the mouth of the Hill farm mine shortly after 9 o'clock last night. It followed promptly after the drill entered the burning mine. For two hours before the flames burst out huge billows of smoke, black and dense, rolled over each other into the air and drifted upward. A rumbling, rushing sound, like a swiftly moving train through a tunnel, preceded the flames. Soon the flame poured from the mouth of the pit, and now the whole mine is burning. The rescuers had nearly reached an opening in the Hill farm mine before the fire broke out. A drill was forced through into the mine and a bag of air taken out to be tested. All work is suspended.

## Progress.

It is very important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be placed to the taste and to the 17c easily taken, acceptable to the stomach and healthy in its nature and effect. Possessing these qualities, Syrup of Figs is the one perfect laxative and most gentle dietetic food.

## IT WAS A WORK OF HATE.

The Fiends Who Assaulted Mr. and Mrs. Decker Had Murder in Their Hearts.

MORRIS, Ill., June 28.—The more the fiendish attack on Charles Decker and his aged mother Wednesday morning is investigated the more it looks like a case of deliberate murder. At first every one thought it was the work of desperate burglars caught in an attempt at robbery and only killing when they found no other way to escape. A thorough investigation of the crime made today goes to show that robbery was the last thing sought and that murder was what the marauders were after. There are many circumstances which add an air of mystery to the case. It is evident that the Decker house was the objective point of the criminals' attack and that they cared to enter no other residence. This is proved by the fact that they paid two visits to it, while no other burglaries were committed or attempted in Morris that night. Mr. Decker is a bachelor, 48 years old, and is not known to have an enemy in the world. The only time he came before the public in any way was when he served on the jury which sent Swartz and Watts, the Rock Island train robbers, to the penitentiary.

## TASCOTT IS CAUGHT AGAIN.

This Time It Is in Arkansas That He Is Run Down.

PARIS, TEXAS, June 28.—Trainmen who arrived here this morning on the "Frisco" state that five Pinkerton detectives got aboard the north-bound train at Westfork, situated in Washington county, Arkansas, last night, with Tascott, the murderer of Banker Snell, of Chicago. He had been spotted for some time, and parties had come from Chicago and fully identified the suspect.

## Manitoba Crops Flourishing.

WINNIPEG, Man., June 28.—The department of agriculture has issued a bulletin with regard to the condition of crops and the outlook for the year under crop is 1,053,263, an increase of 160,000 over last year. The condition of grain, root and hay crops in almost every district is reported as excellent and the prospect for a bountiful yield have never been more promising. Live stock is also reported to be in good condition.

## Child Baked in an Oven.

CLINTON, Mo., June 28.—An unnatural mother of this place baked her babe in an oven. This morning the charred remains of a child were found in an ash heap near the Hector House. Investigation showed that the boy had been taken out of an oven where it had been placed last Saturday. Its hands and feet were burned off and face badly charred. Officers are now at work on a faint clue.

## Fell 100 Feet and Escaped Death.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 28.—Anton Griel, employed at Hansen's malt-house, had a miraculous escape from death last night. Shortly before midnight Griel, while sitting in a fifth story window, lost his balance and fell to the alley below, a distance of nearly 100 feet. His right hip was dislocated, but otherwise he escaped uninjured.

## Seven-Story Building Collapses.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., June 28.—An immense seven-story, double-front building fell here this morning with a crash. No one was near to be hurt. It had just been completed at a cost of \$50,000. Driscoll & Co., wholesale dry goods and notions, moved in last week. They had a stock of \$200,000, which is buried in the ruins.

## A Class of Indians Graduated.

WARASH, Ind., June 28.—Yesterday a large class graduated from White's institute, the well-known Indian training school. The course comprises three years, and about thirty Indian children are brought from the West each year. The exercises were attended by many visitors from abroad.

## How Flannery's Assassin Died.

CLINTON, Iowa, June 28.—After long deliberation the coroner's jury rendered a verdict of death from nervous exhaustion, caused by acute mania, superinduced by her extraordinary heat, in the case of Frank Harlan, the maniac. Jailer Flannery, who was bitten by Harlan, will recover, it is thought.

## Newspaper Men Banqueted.

BOSTON, Mass., June 28.—The members of the National Editorial association were banqueted last night by Boston newspaper men. Col. Charles H. Taylor of the Globe presided, and addressed the gathering. B. R. Hurlbut of Chicago, Judge Gordon of Texas, and others.

## Killing Mad Dogs in Burlington.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, June 28.—The first mad dog of the season was killed here yesterday before he had bitten any one. The dog ran foaming through the streets and it took the contents of a revolver and a shot gun to dispatch him.

## Collision on the Erie.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 28.—Two freight trains collided last night between Susquehanna and Port Jervis, on the Delaware division of the Erie, and one engineer and two firemen were killed.

## Took Everything in Sight.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., June 28.—Perry Donaldson, who robbed Paymaster Atkinson of \$1,300 yesterday, returned last night and stole a mule and is supposed to have ridden into West Virginia.

## Nebraska Figures.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 28.—Supervisor Cooke announces the following approximate figures for cities in his district: Omaha, 134,743; Lincoln, 55,000; Beatrice, 13,399; Nebraska City, 10,444.

## Prof. Hewitt Ill.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 28.—Prof. John R. Hewitt, the well-known poet, musician, and essayist, is lying critically ill at his residence in this city.

## At Wilkesbarre, Pa., the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty in the case of Prof. S. A. Johnson, charged with debauching his pupils.

The late Thomas C. Sloane, of New York has, by will, left \$75,000 for the Sloane Laboratory and \$200,000 to Yale college, available on the death of his wife.

## What It Does.

1. Purifies the blood.
2. Creates an appetite.
3. Strengthens the nerves.
4. Makes the weak strong.
5. Overcomes the tired feeling.
6. Cures scrofula, rheumatism, etc.
7. Invigorates the kidneys and liver.
8. Relieves headache, indigestion, dyspepsia.

When it comes to the point of choosing a stylish hat or a fine fitting suit there is no place in the city like Ziegler's.

For Cure of  
**SPRAINS & STRAINS**  
Use  
**St. Jacobs Oil**  
Cures  
**PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY**  
WITHOUT RETURN OF PAIN.  
ADJUGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE  
THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTIMORE.

## REASONABLE SUGGESTIONS.

We advertise cheerily—but effectively, by marking what you want most, I trust. 'Tis the opposite of what your ideas were doubtless, but it is profitable to you surely, and in the long run to us.

## The Lightning Ice Cream Freezer.

For example, it is the best on the market, and every body likes it; yet we mark it especially low.

## Hammocks.

Too; we've quite a number of styles and prices in them, and no one but wants a hammock when we've got them.

## Refrigerators and Baby Cabs.

The best makes on the market, yet at prices of the poorest.

## Tableware.

Not only low prices, but a range of prices and good ware even at the lowest. We're some.

## New Lines of Lamps.

and Chamber Sets. They're nice to look at if you buy or not. There's daily something new in some line.

## WHELOCK'S CROCKERY STORE.

**CITY MILLS**  
ROLLERS PATENTED  
**RISING SUN**  
FANCY FLOUR  
FORD & CROSSETT

## WHEN YOU BUY THIS FLOUR YOU GET

The Best in the World

FORD & CROSSETT,

JANESVILLE, WIS.

## SAY, YOU

Bargain Seekers

What objection to putting some money into 54 acres of land in the Third ward, already platted into 26 lots, which it sold for \$100 each would you pay nearly 100 percent. on your investment.

Also 5 or 6 lots at foot of South Main St., facing the west, that should command consideration at this time, being located midway between the business center and the prospective Railway and Manufacturing enterprises at Spring Brook farm.

## A BEAUTIFUL OAK GROVE

of 26 acres, adjoining Blind Institute grounds.

Ten acres of Tobacco land in same locality.

A dwelling property at 457 Holmes 5th ward.

457 South Academy, 4th ward.

214 North Bluff, 2d ward.

267 West Milwaukee St.—a bargain taken soon.

New house with 14 acres on Ruger avenue. A good lay out for a nice home.

## NOTE THE ONE FACT

that our lists are composed of property given us by people who desire to sell. We have no personal interests to put to the front, that shall make our patrons property seem SECONDARY in any way.

Its the best possible work we aim to give you and believe we understand the wants of staid old Janesville people too well to go away from their solid winning ways.

## MONEY TO LOAN

on good Rock county farms at living rate.

Remember, it's our time against yours only, and no expense until we have done you the good you seek.

Note the following City Business Property on our List—All Bargains.

Factory on Main Street, with water power.

Two stores on South Main Street, facing east.

Brick store on West Milwaukee Street. Brick store on River Street.

Now if you want to build you a home to stay by, come and let us show you five beautiful lots, at different prices, enclosed in the Echlin Homestead, first ward.

## STEVENS &amp; HOLLOWAY.

Phoebus Bldg. Opposite Postoffice.

## We Propose To Hustle

for a few days on "FOREST PARK". The new water main is complete and we will sell 10 or 12 lots along that main for either improvement immediately; or to be improved during the next year, at fully \$100 PER LOT less than they are worth. You will never have so good a time as now to get into the Forest. Janesville is bound to grow right along, things are shaping that way. The Third ward is the coming location for homes. The "Forest" is some of the best of that ward, why hesitate! Yours very truly,  
Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington.

## One of Janesville's "Old Land marks"

was heard to remark a day or two since (referring to our proposed operations on the BURR ROBBINS' farm), "Why do these people open up outside property, when I have so much inside?" The inside property referred to is "inside" some other ward, than the Third, but every foot is less accessible, far less desirable than any of ours. We have no contention with any other owner or any other property; WE KNOW every sensible person in this city, who is unbiased, knows that all our holdings WITHOUT EXCEPTION are the finest in the city at our asking price. Our results show this to be the case.

Yours very truly,  
Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington.

## Riverview Park

Never Looked

Finer.

than it does now; in fact was never so beautiful, but from this day on it will grow more and more beautiful. Glen-Rita adjoins it, and likewise growing. In these two adjacencies we will sell a few more HOME SITES at less than value. Home seekers cannot afford to locate till they see us. Several have done so and live to regret it. During this week we have sold two Forest Park lots; two in Glen-Rita and two in Riverview, and we are willing to repeat it within the next week.

Yours very truly,  
Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington.

## With Our Eye

Ever Open.

We look to the interest of all who seek homes near their business.

## The Incoming Railroad Men

Will find with us, half a dozen choice homes right where they want them and at low prices for quality.

## We Never Offer Any Property

At fancy prices, but always look to it that our offerings are at prices which are in favor of the buyer.

## Don't Bring into Us Anything

Which you ask more than it is worth, we don't care to listen to your "sales of woe."

## What We Must

Have is desirable property and the price must be right then we can sell it.

Yours very truly,  
Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington.

## Ask Our Customers.

About us. We cheerfully refer to every person who has been our patron since we began business in this city. They are all walking "Ads" for us. Our system of doing business is exclusively OUR OWN, and it wins friends all over. Come and see us.

Yours very truly,  
Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington.

## And Sellers are Learning This.

And so when a man has a property that is GOOD and is CHEAP, he starts at once to see Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington. They can sell it just as soon as such property in the location is in demand. We are that kind of people.

Yours very truly,  
Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington.

## But in the Main



WILL MR. BLAINE RESIGN?

RUMORS THAT HE INTENDS TO LEAVE THE CABINET.

The Senate Passes the Bill to Admit Wyoming as a State—Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The "insider" on administration news has again got hold of the probability that "Secretary Blaine's stay in President Harrison's Cabinet is not given to continue long." The reason given is that Mr. Blaine is ambitious of representing the conservative thought of the country, and of his own party in particular, upon the tariff and other matters of national interest. He cannot continue in the cabinet and remain a member of an administration which radically differs from him, and for this reason the prediction is freely made that within a brief period he will tender his resignation as a member of the President's political household. Mr. Blaine's objections to the national election bill, now pending in the House, are also cited. It appears from a review of the alleged reasons which may lead to the Secretary of State resigning that the administration does not radically differ from him at all, but that the difference is entirely with the legislative branch of the Government. Until Congress has had time to pass definitely on the reciprocity and kindred ideas of Mr. Blaine it is rather premature to talk about the party not being in sympathy with him.

PROTEST OF NORTHERN DEMOCRATS.

Reasons Why They Oppose the Federal Election Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The northern Democratic members of the House of Representatives have prepared a formal protest against the National election bill under discussion in the House. They say: Under a doubtful construction of the constitution this bill proposes to substantially take from the States and local authorities control of all elections in which members of Congress are balloted for and hand the same over to the United States Judges appointed to office for life and chief supervisors of elections.

If the power claimed resides in the Constitution, which we deny, the Republic has gone through the difficulties of the formative period, made a heroic struggle against dissolution, triumphed and successfully readjusted itself to changed conditions without the exercise of such power by the Federal Government for one hundred years and over. Mr. Jefferson and the fathers of the Republic have considered such a proposition as this as dangerous as an open attempt at centralization. This bill is a purely partisan measure intended primarily to control the elections for Congress and Presidential electors in all the States, and to intimidate, harass, obstruct and harass by political prosecutions in unfriendly hands the adverse majorities in the cities of the North.

The constitutional objections to the bill are set forth at length and the protest concludes as follows: In view of the great danger to the rights and liberties of the people and to the principle of local self-government involved in this bill, we respectfully appeal to America's freemen, without regard to party, to after timely protest by way of public meeting or otherwise against this consideration of government, the destruction of popular rights, and the very foundation of American liberty, for we indulge no mere rhetorical flourish when we solemnly affirm on our loyalty as citizens and on our honor as representatives that this vicious and unpatriotic measure is a most serious menace to the very life of the republic.

WYOMING MAY COME IN.

The Senate Passes the Bill to Admit Her to the Union.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The Senate has passed the bill for the admission of Wyoming. When the Senate met this morning the bill was read and the bill was resumed and Mr. Morgan addressed the Senate in opposition to it. Messrs. Payne and Gray argued against the bill and Mr. Platt favored it.

The question was taken on Mr. Jones' substitute (an enabling act for Wyoming, Idaho, Arizona and New Mexico) and it was rejected by a strict party vote—18 yeas, 18 nays.

The bill was then passed by a strict party vote—yeas, 23 yeas, 18 nays.

The first section of the bill is as follows: That the Territory of Wyoming is hereby declared to be a State of the United States of America, is hereby admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever, and that the constitution which the people of Wyoming have formed for themselves be and the same is hereby accepted, ratified, and confirmed.

The second section gives the boundaries. The third section declares the State entitled to one representative in the Fifty-first Congress. The other sections refer to public lands and to provisions for schools, an agricultural college, a penitentiary, an insane asylum, also to Circuit and District Courts of the United States.

MANY SKELETONS UNearthED

Remains of Mound Builders Found Near Hartford City, Ind.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., June 28.—While digging in the gravel pit on the Isaac Higgins farm near Montpelier, this county, Hugh Wilson found ten human skeletons. The finding of stone tools and copper utensils along with the skeletons goes to show that it was a grave of the mound builders. Mounds are numerous six miles east on the Godfrey Reserve, but there is no mound where the skeletons were found yesterday.

Too Food of Shooting Officers.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., June 27.—John L. Kerfoot was shot and instantly killed by Constable Toney at Berlin today. Kerfoot had just finished a term for attempting to kill Toney's predecessor a year ago. The constable is said to have acted in self-defense.

A Matter of Interest to Travelers.

Tourists, emigrants and mariners find that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a medicinal safeguard against unhealthy influences, upon which they can implicitly rely, since it prevents the effects that an unhealthy climate, a malarious atmosphere, unaccustomed or unwholesome diet, bad water, or other conditions unfavorable to health, would otherwise produce. On long voyages, or journeys by land or by water, it is especially useful as a preventive of the febrile complaints and disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, which are apt to attack natives of the temperate zones sojourning or traveling in such regions, and is an excellent protection against the influence of extreme cold, sudden changes of temperature, exposure to damp or extreme dryness. It not only prevents intermittent and remittent fever, and other diseases of a malarial type but eradicates them, a fact which has been demonstrated in years past in North and South America, Mexico, the West Indies, Antigua and other countries.

For a Disorder Liver try Beecham's Pills.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Sultan has consented to cede the Zanzibar coast to Germany.

The anti-slavery conference has arrived at an agreement satisfactory to Holland.

PRINCE FERDINAND has left Widdin for Karlsruhe. During his absence Mr. Stambuloff will act as regent.

The French and British postal authorities are arranging for a new cable between Paris and London.

HENNINGSEN's glass works at Covington, Ky., were damaged \$10,000 by fire.

J. H. ELLIOTT was found dead in his room at the St. James hotel in Cincinnati. He came from Vicksburg June 21.

The Sons of Veterans' encampment at Jacksonville adjourned yesterday. The program being cut short by the extreme heat.

It is rumored that England has assigned the island of Malia, on the East African coast, to Germany.

RESOLUTIONS were adopted by the Senate and Chamber of Commerce yesterday favoring the coinage of \$5,000,000 of silver per month.

The remains of Patrick Griffin, who died at Kansas City Wednesday last, were shipped to Chicago last night for interment.

ONE hundred New Orleans business men passed through Kansas City yesterday en route to Ogden, Utah, where they will participate in the carnival.

Two little girls named Harrington were killed by a railroad train at South Somers, Mass., yesterday. The mother of the child lost her life in a vain attempt to rescue her sister.

CHARLES M. TRAVIS, Department Commander of the Indiana G. A. R., was presented with a handsome badge by the veterans of his State at Crawfordsville last night.

REPORTS from all of the wheat-growing regions of Kansas are to the effect that the berry is plump and full. The yield will be 15 per cent above the average for the last six years.

The population of San Francisco is 300,000. The Chinese population is 24,000, an increase of 2,000 since 1880. Probably more Chinese who are regular inhabitants of San Francisco in the winter are at work in the country.

C. H. VESNER & Co., of New York, have instituted suit to restrain the city government of Sioux City, Ia., from disposing of \$25,000 of city bonds sold by that firm a few weeks ago. It is alleged that the issue is void.

THREE bodies of women were found in the river at Johnston yesterday near the stone bridge. One was recognized as that of the wife of H. J. Robert, cashier of the First National bank, who, with his family, was drowned in the flood.

J. J. ELLIOTT was found dead in his room at the St. James Hotel in Cincinnati yesterday. He was about 60 years old, and is supposed to have been an agent of the Louisiana Lottery Company. It is thought he died of heart disease.

The Pittsburgh, Akron & Western railroad, owned by James D. Calvery and Mrs. Sample, will not be purchased or acquired by the Baltimore & Ohio, as the latter has its own line under construction by way of Lodi to Chicago Junction.

The French committee which was sent to Panama to investigate the condition of the canal says the construction of the canal would require twenty years and would cost 1,737,000,000 francs. In the opinion of the committee the work could only be completed on the basis of an international agreement or a syndicate of the States interested.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 27.—GRAIN.—Unsettled. WHEAT—Opened easier, continued weak, and closed within a fraction of the lowest point of the day. 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; September 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; October 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; November 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; December 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; January 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; February 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; March 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; April 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; May 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; June 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; July 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; August 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; September 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; October 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; November 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; December 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; January 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; February 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; March 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; April 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; May 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; June 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; July 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; August 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; September 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; October 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; November 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; December 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; January 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; February 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; March 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; April 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; May 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; June 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; July 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; August 34 1/2 to 34 3/4; 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